Serstech 100 Indicator User manual

version 5.4.2



Table of Contents

1.	Introduction to the Serstech 100 Indicator					
1.1	Instrument safety	4				
1.2	Liability	4				
1.3	Handling	4				
1.4	Intellectual Property Rights	5				
1.5	Equipment Modifications	5				
1.6	Trademark Acknowledgments	5				
1.7 \$	Support	5				
1.8	Contact Information	6				
1.9	Invisible laser Safety Considerations	6				
2.	Serstech 100 Indicator Peli case	8				
3.	Accessories8					
3.1	Vial holder					
3.2	.2 Point and shoot adaptor1					
3.3	Bottle adaptor					
3.4	Angled probe tip	. 12				
3.5	Calibration cap					
3.6	USB Cable	. 14				
4.	Indicator					
1.1	Keypad					
1.2	Log in					
1.3	Main menu	. 18				
1.4	Quick menu					
	Screen					
1.5.	1 Screen analysis result	. 27				
1.5.2						
1.5.3	3					
	Identify					
1.6.	,					
1.6.2						
	Verify					
1.7.	- ,,					
1.7.2	•					
1.7.3	,					
	Add substance					
1.8.						
2.						
3.	About					
4.	Time and Date					
5.	Display properties	. 53				

6.	Calibration control	54
	Calibration result	
9.2	Calibration settings	57
7.	USB	59
8.	Language	60
9.	Factory Reset	62
11.	ChemDash	65
14.1	ChemDash ONE	66

1. Introduction to the Serstech 100 Indicator.

Raman spectroscopy is a spectroscopy technique which can be used for rapid identifications of chemicals. The Raman effect occurs when a light (e.g. from a laser) interacts with the sample molecules. Light scattered from the molecules gives rise to a spectrum that typically consists of a series sharp lines and constitutes molecules fingerprint.

The Serstech 100 Indicator is a hand-held Raman spectrometer which can be used without formal training in spectroscopy to obtain chemical identity of substances as well as verify the quality of known substances in order to be able to make immediate action decisions in the field. It also includes a function to screen for regulated substances. The Indicator is a standalone instrument that operates without need for other components. However, the instrument relies on access to libraries stored in the instrument and/ or ability to create and update these libraries externally. Basic computer knowledge is required for administrating the libraries and the users. Laser training is needed for all users since the instrument includes class 3B invisible laser.

This manual describes the basic functions of the Indicator as well as the connection to the software ChemDash ONE. Functions may be different depending on the hardware and/ or software version in the device. The manual covers Indicators with embedded software functionality version 5.3.0 or later.

The software version is shown in the "About" window. The serial number of the instrument is printed on the back of the instrument (S/N) and is also shown in the "About" window for software.

Please NOTE that you can access ChemDash ONE only if your instrument is running software version 4.0.1 or later. If your instrument is running an older version, please upgrade the firmware first by following the instructions in the Firmware Upgrade Guide on <a href="mailto:sersion-sers

1.1 Instrument safety

This is intended for Laser Safety Officers, administrators and users of the SERSTECH Indicator handheld Raman spectrometer instrument. Please read through this section carefully before using the SERSTECH product. Keep the document for further reference.

1.2 Liability

Every care has been taken in the preparation of this document. Please inform your local reseller or SERSTECH AB of any inaccuracies or omissions. SERSTECH AB is not responsible for any technical or typographical errors and reserves the right to make changes to the product and manuals without prior notice. SERSTECH AB makes no warranty of any kind regarding the material contained within this document, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. SERSTECH AB shall not be liable nor responsible for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, performance or use of this material. This product is only to be used for its intended purpose.

1.3 Handling

For a safe handling Serstech AB recommends Users to do as following:

Store the product in a dry and ventilated environment.

- Do not attempt to repair the product by yourself, contact SERSTECH or your SER-STECH reseller for service matters.
- This product shall be used in compliance with local laws and regulations.
- Always follow your organization's procedure and regulations for the handling of unknown substances.
- Always use small sample sizes to limit possible hazards.

The warranty is void if the product has been damaged by accident, unreasonable use, neglect or if the unit has been opened or tampered with or other causes not arising from defects in material or workmanship. This product is not designed to be intrinsically safe and the user should take the necessary precautions when using the unit.

The product is designed to be used in an everyday field environment and is therefore considerably more rugged than a laboratory unit. But it is important for the user to recognize that it is a precision instrument and should be treated with care. Abuse and mistreatment may lead to a degradation of performance or premature failure.

1.4 Intellectual Property Rights

SERSTECH AB has intellectual property rights relating to technology embodied in the product described in this document. In particular, and without limitation, these intellectual property rights may include patents or pending patent applications in the US and other countries. This product contains third-party software.

1.5 Equipment Modifications

This equipment must be installed and used in strict accordance with the instructions given in the user documentation. This equipment contains no user-serviceable components. Unauthorized equipment changes or modifications will invalidate all applicable regulatory certifications and approvals

1.6 Trademark Acknowledgments

USERSTECH is a trademark of SERSTECH AB. All other company names and products are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies. Ethernet, Internet Explorer, Linux, Microsoft, Mozilla, UNIX, Windows and WWW are registered trademarks of the respective holders. Java and all Java-based trademarks and logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of Oracle and/ or its affiliates. UPnP ™ is a certification mark of the UPnP ™ Implementers Corporation. SD, SDHC, SDXC, miniSD, microSD, miniSDHC, microSDHC and microSDXC are trademarks or registered trademarks of SD-3C, LLC in the United States, other countries or both.

1.7 Support

In case the User should requires technical assistance, should contact its SER-STECH reseller. If the User questions cannot be answered immediately, the reseller will forward all queries through the appropriate channels to ensure a rapid response.

1.8 Contact Information

The contact information of the company is as following:

SERSTECH AB

Ideon Science Park, Sölvegatan 43 SE-223 70 Lund, SWEDEN e-mail: info@serstech.com

1.9 Invisible laser Safety Considerations

This operation manual includes information and warnings which must be observed by the user. It contains information NOTEs as well as information of importance to safety of personnel and property. The important symbols are:

This is a **Class 3B laser** product and complies with "Classified according to standard EN 60825-1:2014".

Class 3B requirements:

A class 3B device shall have a warning signal, audible or visible when the invisible laser is active. A red LED in a yellow warning label placed adjacent to the display solves this requirement. According to the standard, there shall be a yellow label with a black border, the recommended wording is:

The backside label on the Serstech 100 Indicator solves this requirement. Also, the frontside label has the word WARNING according to standard requirements. Another requirement is

WARNING - INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION

AVOID EXPOSURE TO BEAM

CLASS 3B LASER PRODUCT

that the laser aperture is labelled, there is thus a yellow pictogram label besides the nozzle. The only source for dangerous laser exposure is from the nozzle; the protective casing is designed not to leak laser emission in any other place. With intended use, there is no raised danger for laser exposure when accessing the display controls. A remote interlock connector is not required for handheld instruments. There are no service panels, viewing optics or scanning elements; requirements for

these objects are thus not applicable. There shall be a mechanical attenuator/beam stop available to make it possible to block the beam from the nozzle temporarily. The stop is released with the instrument enclosed Calibration Unit, which also makes double duty as a dust cap. Class 3B is one of the most severe classes; meaning that it is easy to permanently

harm the eye when the product is not used properly. A class 3B product is not suited as a consumer product since the operator needs to be trained to use proper procedures to avoid eye damage. A safety interlock is needed to ensure that only

trained operators use the instrument. A software requirement solves this; the operator needs to login with a PIN number to use the instrument. The software also turns the instrument off

LASER RADIATION
AVOID EXPOSURE TO BEAM
CLASS 3B LASER PRODUCT

when inactive and a new login with PIN number is required. Ensure the beam is always terminated at a suitable non-specular (i.e. non-mirror- like) surface. Do not direct the beam at other people or into areas where other people unconnected with the laser work may be present. Refer to the International standard EN 60825-14 users' guide for guidance on identifying and controlling hazards associated with laser use.

Always ensure the invisible laser is turned off when changing measuring accessories, e.g. from point-and-shoot adaptor to the vial holder.



WARNING: Exposure to levels of invisible laser energy above the MPE can be harmful to the eye. The minimum safety distance (Nominal Ocular Hazard Distance, NOHD) is 100 cm from the invisible laser aperture to avoid exposure to levels above the MPE. The output power is 300 mW at 785 nm. Always avoid exposure to the beam. Use administrative controls, engineering controls, and/ or laser safety glasses to avoid exposure to invisible laser radiation within the 100 cm hazard zone. Use invisible laser safety eyewear of an optical density (OD) greater than 3.



WARNING: Scanning a thermally sensitive material may cause burning of the target. If the sample is contained in a tightly sealed vessel (e.g. a capped vial), pressure may build up during the scan, causing subsequent explosion of the vessel.

2. Serstech 100 Indicator Peli case

The Serstech Indicator 100 instrument with the Accessories is delivered in a crush proof, dust proof and water resistant Peli case.



This is the Peli case.

3. Accessories

There are different accessories for different sample applications:



- 1. Sample vial
- 2. Vial holder
- 3. Vial holder insert
- 4. Strap attachment
- 5. Calibration cap
- 6. Angled probe tip
- 7. Mounting tools/wrenches
- 8. Bottle adaptor
- 9. Point and shoot adaptor
- 10. Probe tip

So as to know what the most suitable accessory for your measurement is, please see the Table 1 and its explanation below:

Table 1: List of accessories according to their use

Sample substance	Sample holder	Holder wall thickness (mm)	Accessory: Probe tip to- gether with	Laser point distance inside the sample (mm)
≥ 2.0 ml liquids or powders	Standard vial	1.3	Vial holder	0.1-0.9
	Bottles	1.0-1.5	Bottle adapter	(from the sample
	Containers	1.5-4.0	-	holder
≤ 2.0 ml liquids or powders	Standard vial	1.3	Vial holder + in- sert	interior wall)
Solids or pow- ders	Plastic bags	-	Pont and shoot	0.2

The purpose of the different adaptors is to keep the sample at the proper distance from the laser focus point. If the laser focus ends up too far inside the sample, the Raman signal will be attenuated and result to a low quality or unusable spectrum. On the other hand, e.g. if a container wall is thicker than 4 mm, the focus point will end up on the container wall and you will sample the container material instead of its content.

- 1. If the User measures through a glass or plastic container with 1.5-4.0 mm thick walls use probe tip (10. in the picture above) without any adaptor mounted. The laser focus will then be located 4.5-5.0 mm from the tip and therefore will end up inside the sample.
- 2. If the User measures through the standard sample vial with 14.8 mm outer diameter and 1.3 ±0.2 mm thickness, the laser will point 0.1-0.9 mm from the vial interior wall and 14 mm from the bottom of the vial inside the vial holder. Therefore, the vial must be filled up to 2 mL at least so that the laser focus ends up inside the sample and not in the air.
- 3. If the sample is less than 2 mL use the insert to raise up the vial inside the vial holder. The laser focus will point 0.1-0.9 mm from the vial interior wall and 2 mm from the vial bottom. Minimum sample volume is approximately 0.4 mL.
- 4. With the point and shoot adaptor the focus will point approximately 0.2 mm from the adaptor tip. That's why the point and shoot adaptor is appropriate to use when measuring though a thin plastic bags or flush to a solid surface of the sample.
- 5. If the container has 1.0-1.5 mm thick walls use the bottle adaptor.

NOTE: It is very important to reduce stray light from entering the instrument as much as possible, e.g. by covering the container with a black cloth unless the User uses the vial holder adaptor. It is also recommended to use the auto-exposure mode. The amber glass vessels and fogged plastic material will reduce the quality of the signal and thus the obtained spectrum. The signal quality may be also reduced for the opaque samples, e.g. powders because of the sample depth (affected by factors as the grain size), fluorescence, sample actual Raman response etc. However, for transparent, non-fluorescent liquid samples there are a much wider margin.

3.1 Vial holder

The vial holder is used for analysis of liquid samples in vials. One sample vial is shipped with the instrument. Generally, the vial holder can be used with both probe tip and angled probe tip. In this example we will use it with the straight probe tib.



The holder accepts 4 mL standard vials with 14.8 mm outer diameter and 1.3 (±0.2) mm thickness.



To mount the vial holder simply snap it to the probe tip.

Add the sample into the vial.



WARNING: Scanning a thermally sensitive material may cause burning of the target. If the sample is contained in a tightly sealed vessel (e.g. a capped vial), pressure may build up during the scan, causing subsequent explosion of the vial.



Place the vial into the vial holder.



Screw the cap on and start the measurement.



Vial holder inserter

The insert serves as a support for the vials filled with a sample up to 0.4 mL.

3.2 Point and shoot adaptor

The point and shoot adaptor have a conical shape for easy measurement of any size and shape of samples. This will ensure optimal versatility and measurement results. Generally, the point and shoot adaptor can be used with both straight probe tip and angled probe tip.



To attach the point and shoot adaptor please follow the steps bellow:



- 1. Align bezels of adaptor to corresponding notches on the probe tip
- 2. Align the adaptor into position
- Slightly pull and rotate when removing the adaptor



With the point and shoot adaptor the measurements can be made e.g. through transparent plastic bags by gently pressing the adaptor against the bag.

NOTE: The laser focus is typically under 20µm (0.02 mm)



WARNING: Keep the sample pressed against the adaptor until the red diode, indicating invisible laser activity, is turned off.

3.3 Bottle adaptor

The bottle adaptor looks similar to the point and shoot adaptor and is used when measuring through a transparent container with a thickness of 1.0 -1.5 mm. Generally, the bottle adaptor can be used with both probe tip and the angled probe tip. In this example we will use it with the straight probe tip.



To attach the bottle adaptor please follow the steps bellow:



- 1. Align bezels of adaptor to corresponding notches on probe tip
- 2. Align the adaptor into position
- 3. Slightly pull and rotate when removing the adaptor



Measure without an adaptor if your container is 1.5-4.0 mm thick. Place the container flush to the instrument probe tip and start the measurement.

3.4 Angled probe tip

The angled probe tip is used for analysis of solid samples. It can be used for measurements of e.g. powders through a plastic bag when sampling potentially explosive substances.



The angled probe tip.



WARNING: Before mounting the angled probe tip make sure that the Indicator is turned off. Exposure to the beam can result in serious eye damage!



To mount the angled probe tip first remove the current probe tip from the instrument. Use two specially designed wrenches supplied with the instrument.

Place one wrench in the notch on the probe tip next to the instruments main body and the other in the similar notch between the two rubber rings.



Hold the wrench next to the instruments main body still and turn the wrench on the probe tip counterclockwise to remove it.



Attach the angled probe tip by gently inserting the threaded part and screw it in place by hand. Use the wrenches to tighten. Make sure that the tip is securely fastened, but do not overtighten.

The angled probe tip accepts the point and shoot adaptor, the bottle adaptor, the vial holder and the calibration cap.



NOTE: Make sure not to damage the invisible laser shutter when mounting the angled probe tip. The invisible laser shutter prevents any accidental exposure to the collimated laser beam.



Put the instrument on a flat surface with the adaptor in contact with the sample and start the measurement. Since it will take some time before the invisible laser is turned on the operator can move away from the instrument to a safe area.

3.5 Calibration cap



The calibration cap contains a polystyrene target and is used for the calibration control of the instrument. It is also protecting the optics inside the probe tip.

3.6 USB Cable



The supplied USB cable is the connection cable between the Indicator and a PC, used to access ChemDash ONE.



The USB cable is also used to connect the optional USB charger to the Indicator.

4. Indicator

All the Indicator functions are controlled through the Keypad.





On the front side of the Indicator there is a clearly visible **laser warning label** with a red indicator LED that is lit when the invisible laser is operating.



On the backside of the instrument it can be found:

- Product ID
- Invisible laser safety information
- Serial number
- QR code



Important NOTE: Analysis of strongly reflecting samples, e. g. mirrors, must be avoided since this can harm the instrument and void the warranty.

NOTE: Be aware of that any measurement is sensitive to stray light entering the instrument through the probe tip. Stray light will not damage the instrument but may cause corruption of the measurement. Daylight usually contains a substantial amount of near infrared

radiation in the same spectral range as the Raman bands, making it difficult to filter out without simultaneously reducing instrument detection sensitivity. When doing a scan outside in bright sunlight, it is recommended to scan the sample using the capped vial holder, if possible. When scanning solid materials, e.g. in plastic bags, you should limit the amount of stray light as much as possible, e.g. by doing the measurements in a shaded area and cover the front lens aperture.

1.1Keypad



1. Power

Start the instrument by pressing the power button and shut it down by keeping the power button pressed for 5 seconds.

2. Quick Menu button

- Back- Returns to the previous menu
- Home- Main menu
- USB- USB
- Calibrate-Calibration
- Settings-Main menu Settings

3. Arrows

Use the up and down arrow buttons to move between the different items in the menus.

4. Arrows

Use the tab button to move between the different fields in the menus.

5. OK button

Execute choices by pressing the OK button.

1.2 Log in

In order to log in the Serstech 100 Indicator, please follow all steps described below:



- Start the instrument by pressing the 🖒 button
- Select your identity from the list in the window:

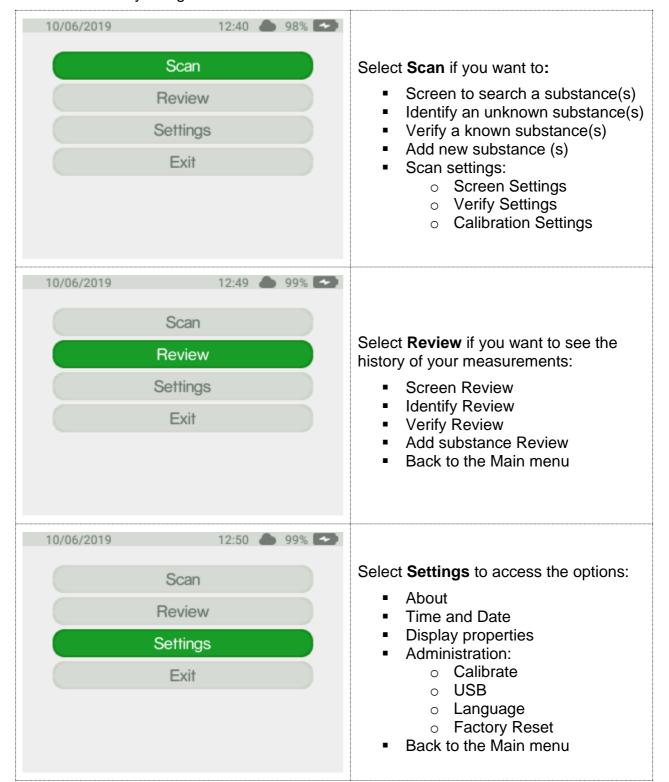
If the instrument is started for the first time, there are two predefined users that may be used to access the instrument:

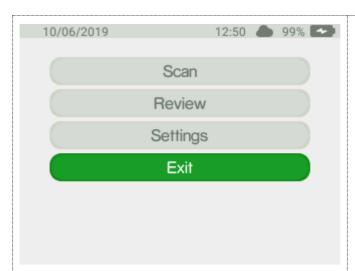
Default, Admin Default, User

- Scroll with the arrow keys between the alternatives.
- Press the OK button to select a user
- Enter your four-digit personal code that your local Indicator administrator has supplied you with.
- Move between the four different digits with the [Tab] key.
- Use the up and down arrows to change the value for each of the four digits. The value can be set to 0-9.
- Press the OK button.
- The Main menu will be displayed after a successful log-in.
- After 3 unsuccessful attempts typing the wrong PIN code, the User will automatically be locked out. To change the PIN code and be able to log in again, please use ChemDash ONE.
- NOTE: When the instrument is started for the first time the PIN code (supplied with the instrument) is 0000. It is up to the User to change its PIN code on the device through ChemDash ONE.

1.3 Main menu

Features of the Main menu are Scan, Review, Settings and Exit. You can quick access the Main menu by using the Quick Menu button and select Home.





Select **Exit** if you want to:

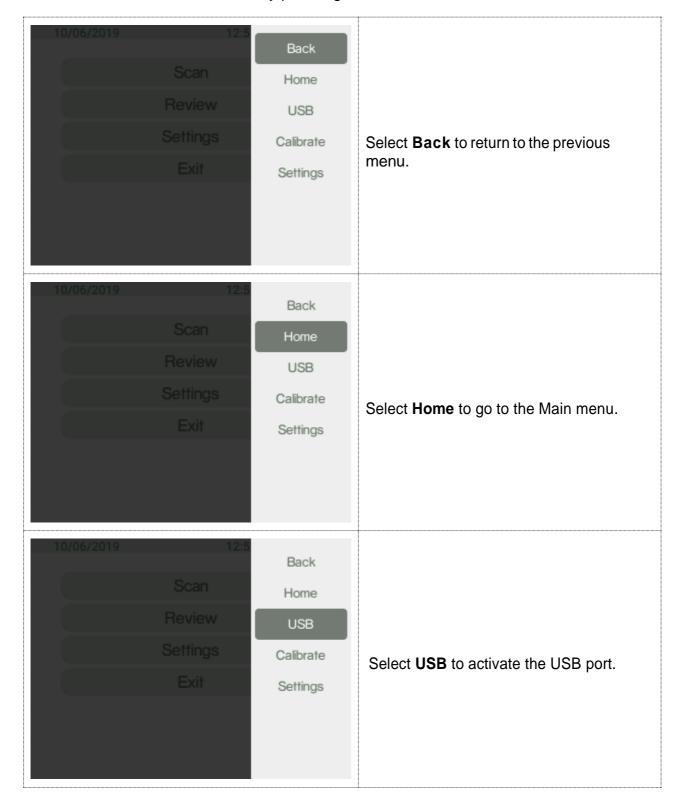
- Log of from the Indicator Restart the Indicator
- Shut down the Indicator
- Back to the Main menu

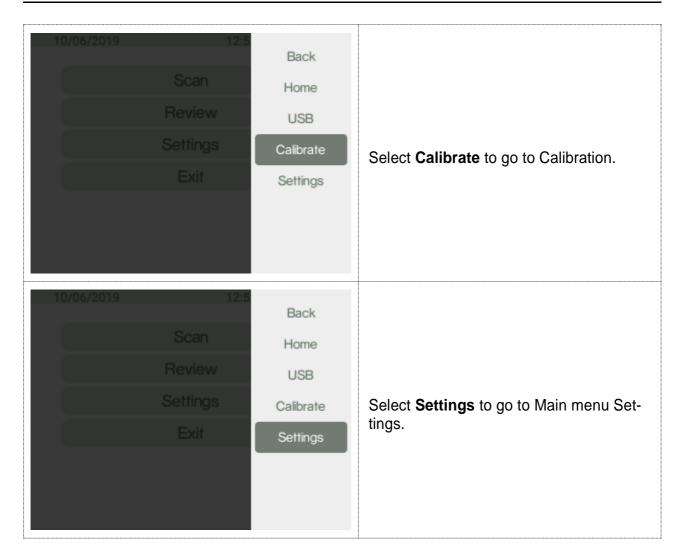
1.4 Quick menu

The Quick Menu is opened when the **Quick Menu** button is pressed.

Features of the Quick menu are **Back**, **Home**, **USB**, **Calibrate** and **Settings**.

- Use the up and down arrows to move between the different menu items.
- The Quick menu is closed by pressing the Quick Menu button.



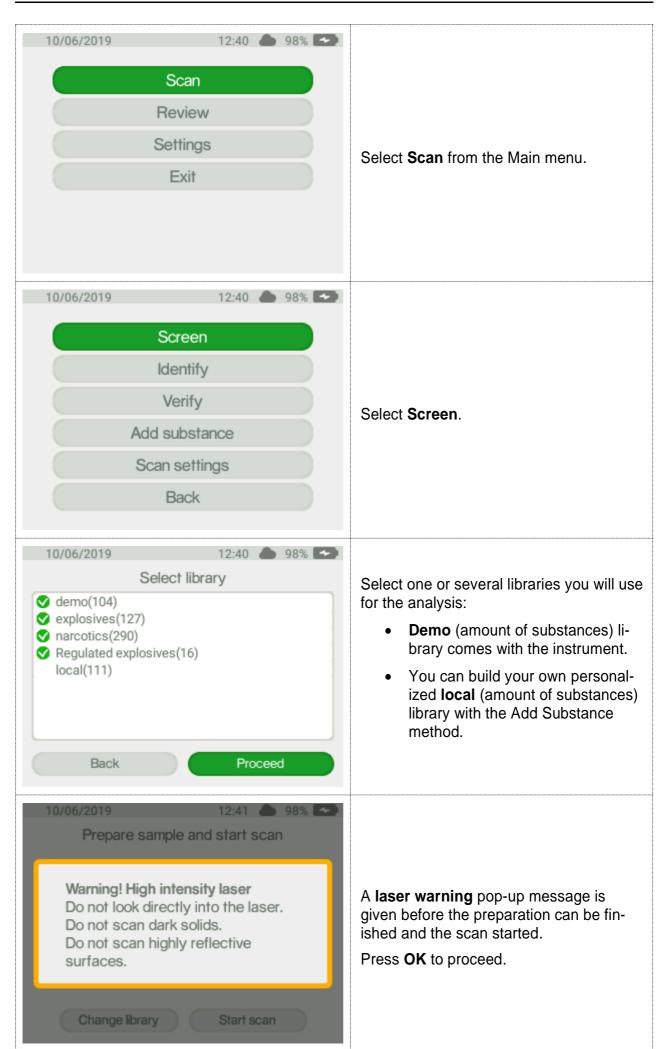


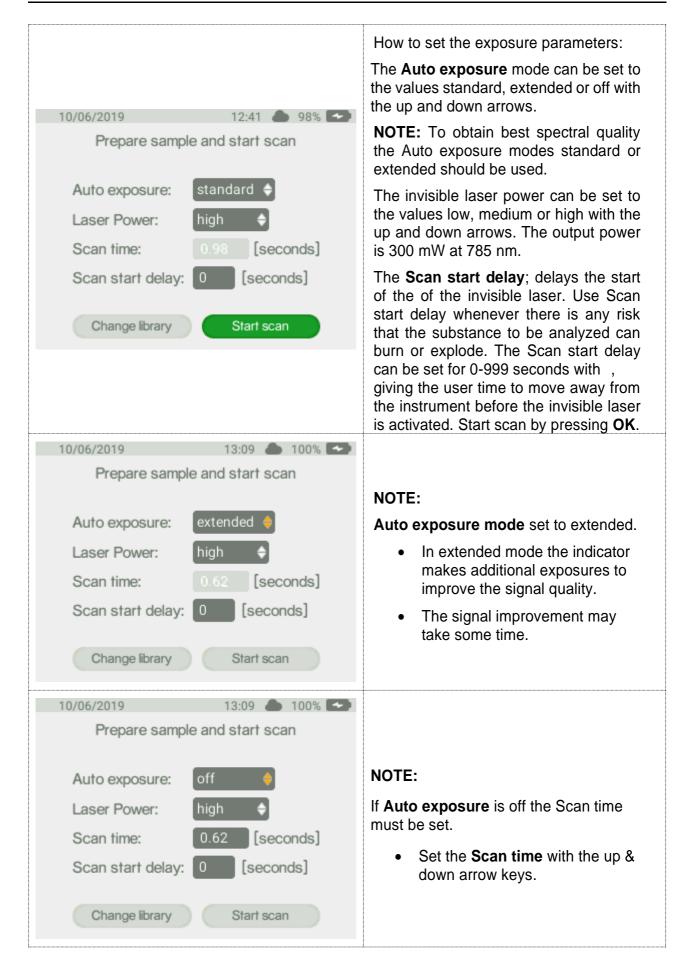
1.5 Screen

This method is used for screening a list of restricted chemicals for the presence of a regulated substance(s) in the sample, e.g. narcotics and explosives.

Narcotics and explosives are two screen categories of the instrument. Each substance of these two categories has its "Regulatory Type" settings in the reference library depending on the severity. The regulatory types are listed under Screen analysis result:

- Select the appropriate accessory for the analysis
- Log in to the Indicator
- Select the category of substances you want to screen i.e. narcotics, explosives or both under Screen Settings.

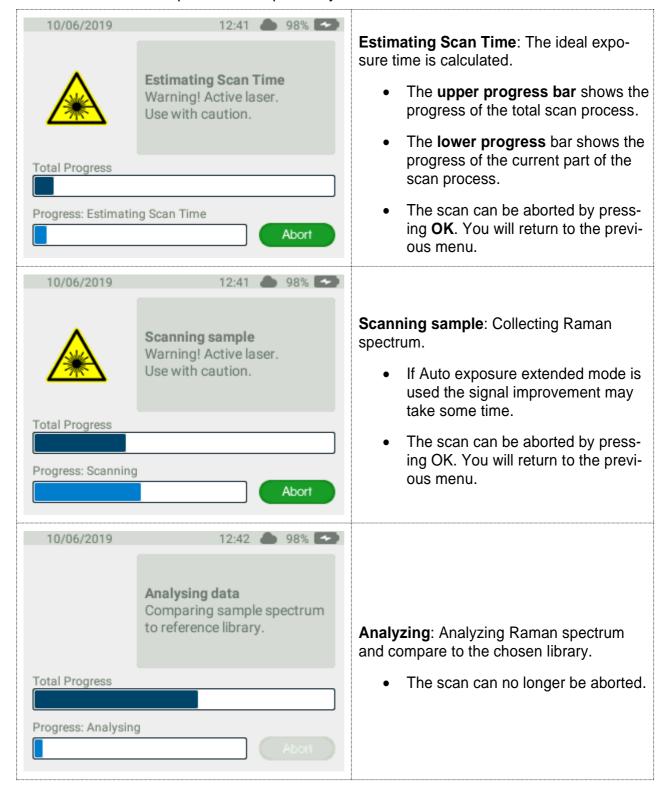


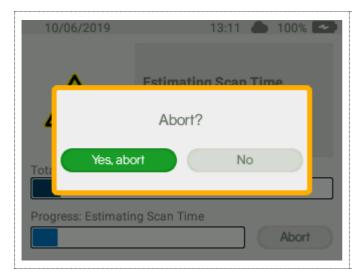


NOTE: In Auto-exposure standard and extended mode the Indicator will analyze the sample and try to calculate the ideal exposure time needed to get optimal signal-to-noise ratio in the measured spectrum, i.e. maximize the quality of the spectrum. The calculated exposure

can be in the range of 0.02-32 seconds, depending on compound and sampling conditions. In extended mode additional exposures will be made to improve the signal quality. When using these modes, the total process time will be from 3 seconds longer compared to manual mode since several trial exposures and signal improvement will be made in addition to the final measurement. The total accumulated invisible laser exposure on the sample will also increase compared to manual exposure mode. Until the actual analysis starts there is always the option to abort the measurement.

Follow the different steps in the sample analysis:





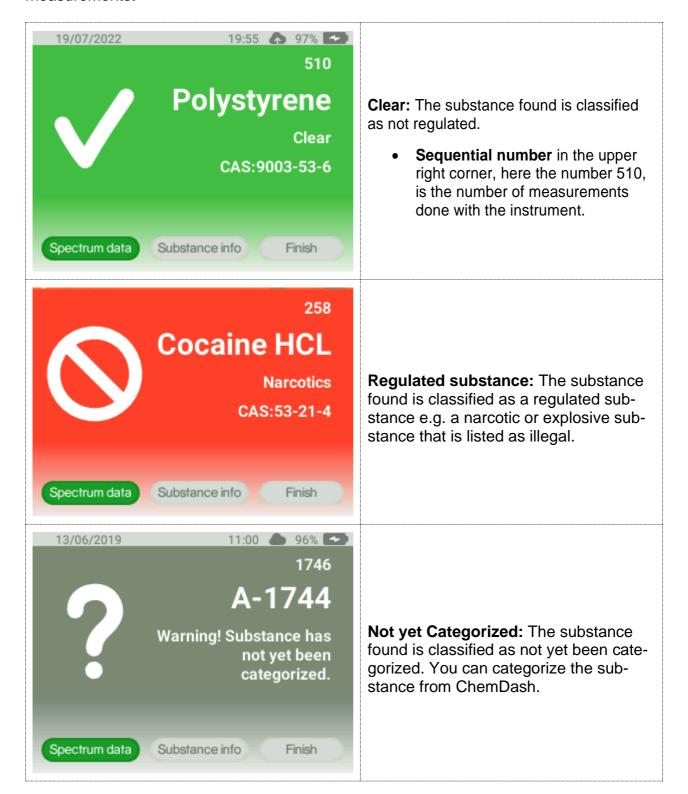
If the scan is aborted a pop-up dialogue window is displayed where the user has to confirm the abortion.

Aborting scan: a pop-up dialogue window is displayed

 Confirm the abortion by pressing OK. You will return to the previous menu

1.5.1 Screen analysis result

These are the possible outcomes of the Screen scan in the Screen category used for measurements:



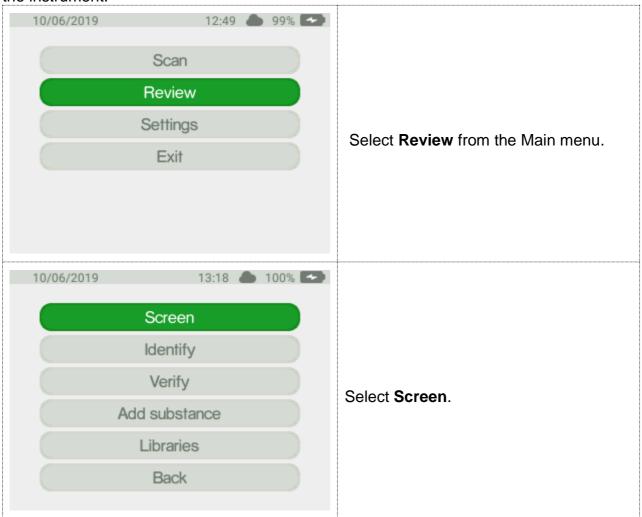


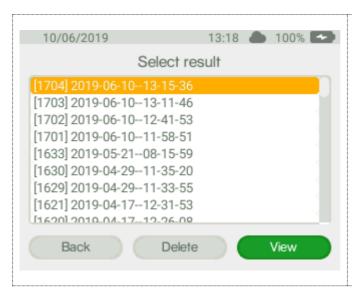
Inconclusive Result: There is no spectrum in the libraries that matches the sample spectrum.

You may want to re-test the sample while paying close attention to that the sample is correctly positioned at the instruments focal point and the instrument is not exposed to strong ambient light.

1.5.2 Screen review

The Review function allows you to examine the history of the measurements made with the instrument.





Choose the specific measurement you want to review.

The measurements are named [sequential number] year-month-day- hour-minute- seconds.

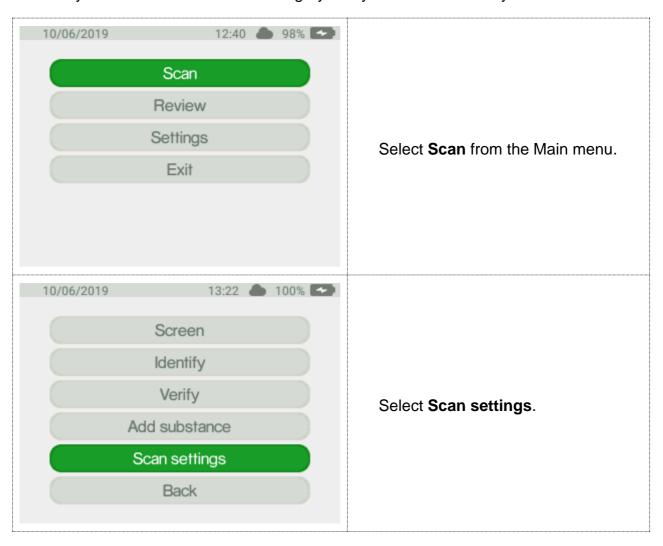
Scroll using the arrow key in the Select result window.

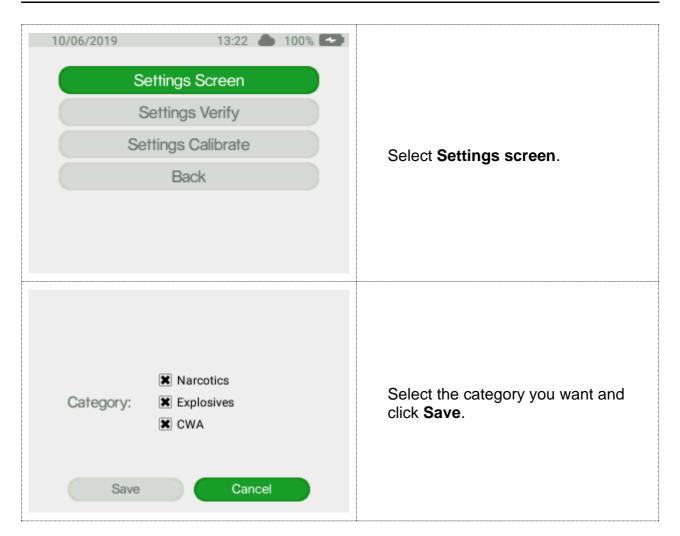
Highlight the View button with the tab key and press OK.

See Screen analysis result for this specific measurement.

1.5.3 Screen Settings

Here you can select the Screen category that you want to use for your measurement.

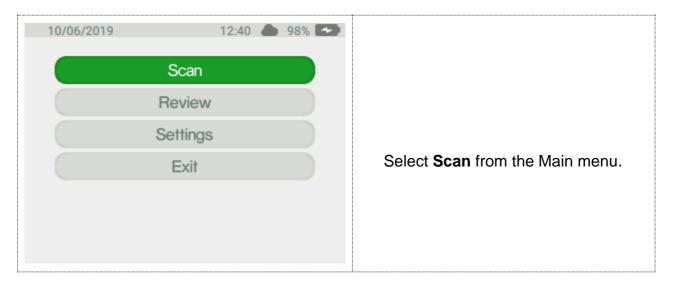


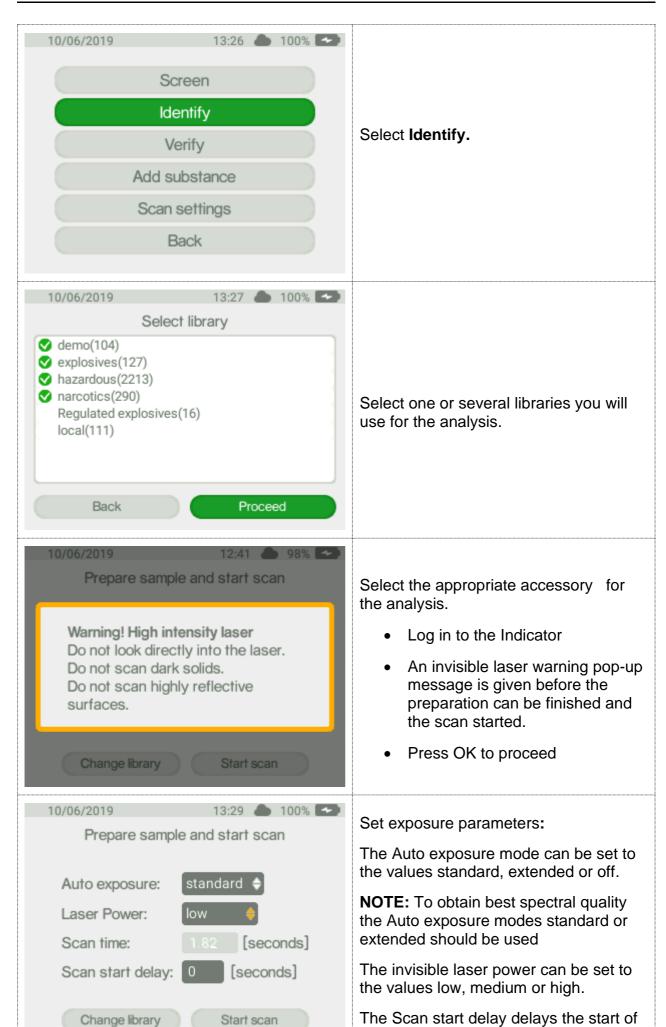


1.6 Identify

The Identify method is used to identify an unknown substance in a sample. The Indicator matches the unknown chemical to the chosen library. All substances that match the sample will be listed and you can access specific substance (chemical safety) information for all matches found.

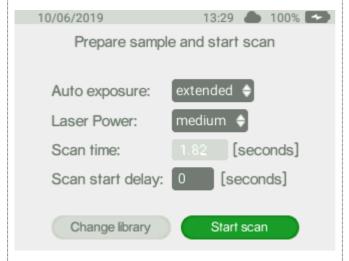
This is not category matching like that used in the Screen method described above. The analysis is based on molecular spectral data only, regardless the category.





the scan and thus the activation of the

invisible laser. Use Scan start delay whenever.



There is any risk that the substance to be analyzed can burn or explode. The Scan start delay can be set for 0-999 seconds giving the user time to move away from the instrument before the invisible laser is activated.

Start scan by pressing OK.

Auto exposure mode set to extended. In extended mode the indicator makes additional exposures to improve the signal quality. The signal improvement may take some time.

Prepare sample and start scan

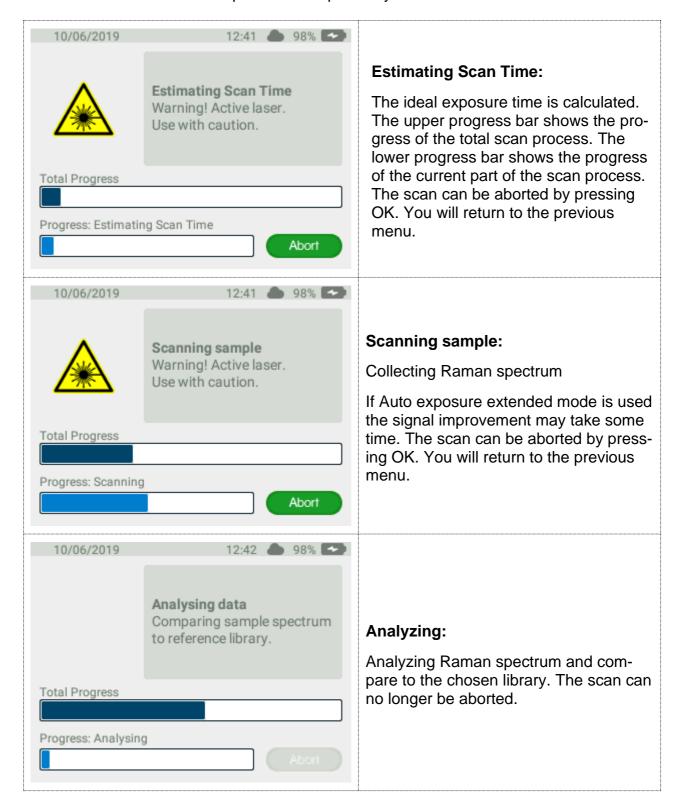
Auto exposure: off
Laser Power: high
Scan time: 1.82 [seconds]
Scan start delay: 0 [seconds]

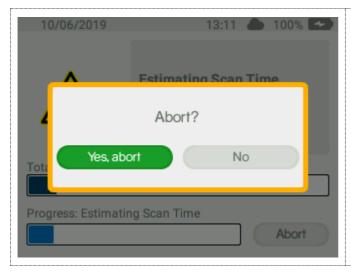
Change library Start scan

If Auto exposure is OFF the Scan time must be set.

NOTE: In Auto-exposure standard and extended mode the Indicator will analyze the sample and try to calculate the ideal exposure time needed to get optimal signal-to-noise ratio in the measured spectrum, i.e. maximize the quality of the spectrum. The calculated exposure can be in the range of 0.02 - 32seconds, depending on compound and sampling conditions. In extended mode additional exposures will be made to improve the signal quality. When using these modes, the total process time will be from 3 seconds longer compared to manual mode since several trial exposures and signal improvement will be made in addition to the final measurement. The total accumulated invisible laser exposure on the sample will also increase compared to manual exposure mode. Until the actual analysis starts there is always the option to abort the measurement.

Follow the different steps in the sample analysis:





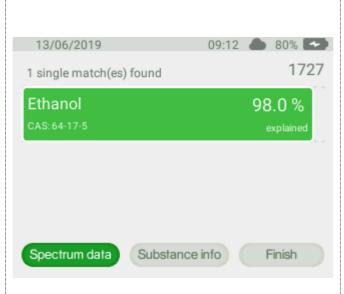
If the scan is aborted a pop-up dialogue window is displayed where the user has to confirm the abortion.

Aborting scan: a pop-up dialogue window is displayed.

Confirm the abortion by pressing OK. You will return to the previous menu.

1.6.1 Identify analysis result

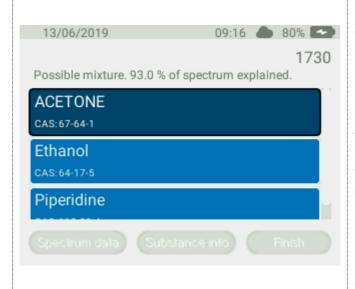
There are three possible outcomes from the Identify scan:



One single match found: A match between the sample spectrum and a single reference spectrum in the library has been found.

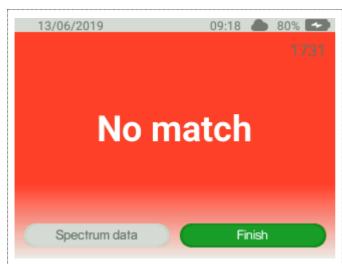
The numerical value given in conjunction to the substance name, here 98.0%, is a score factor describing how well the reference spectrum describes the sample. Thus, a high number indicates that it is very likely that the sample contains the suggested substance.

Sequential number in the upper right corner, here 1727, is the number of measurements done with the instrument.



Possible mixture 93.0% of spectrum explained: The obtained spectrum cannot be explained by one single library reference but by a mixture of library items.

Here Acetone is the library reference that has the best correlation with the sample spectrum and thus presented on the top of the list. Three listed library references together explain the sample spectrum to 93.0% and the mixture thus has a score factor of 93.0%. Sequential number in the upper right corner, here 1730, is the number of measurements done with the instrument.

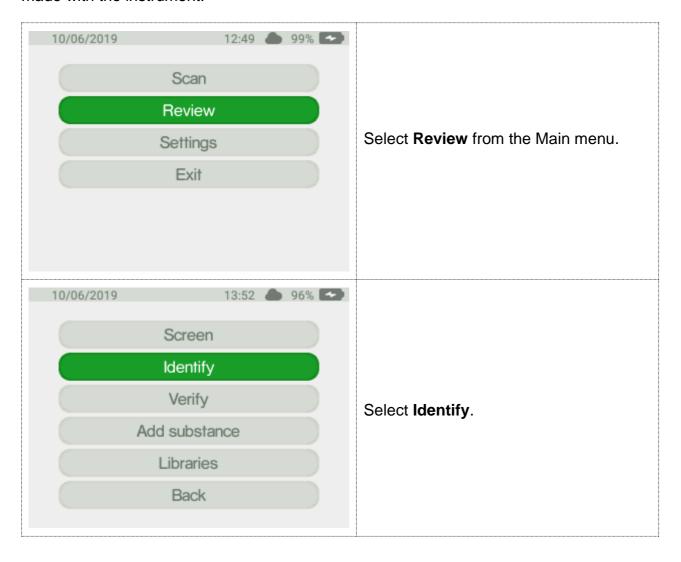


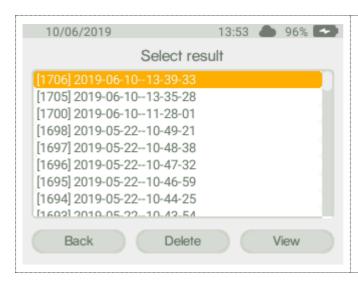
No match: This result can indicate that the measured spectrum is of sufficient quality for analysis but any correlation with spectra in the active libraries is too low.

NOTE: No match result may also be due to too low spectrum signal to noise ratio if the data quality is too bad for meaningful analysis. In this case no processed spectrum is stored in the instrument. It is possible to go back and review the spectrum later.

1.6.2 Identify review

The Review function allows you to examine the history of your measurements made with the instrument.



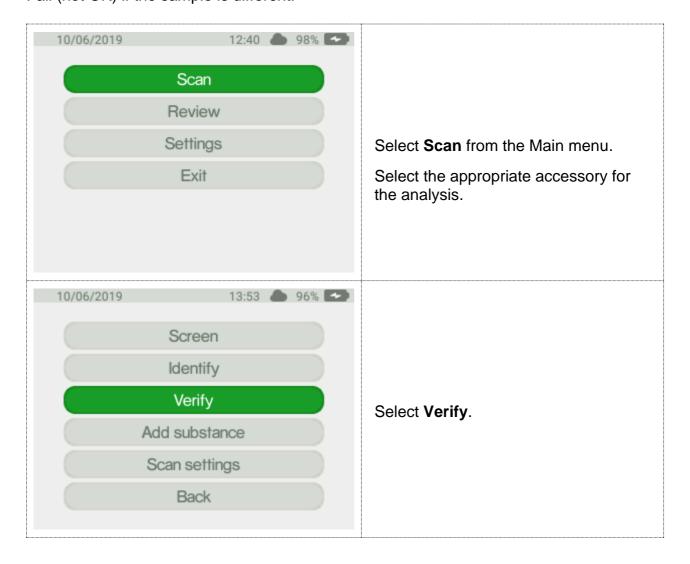


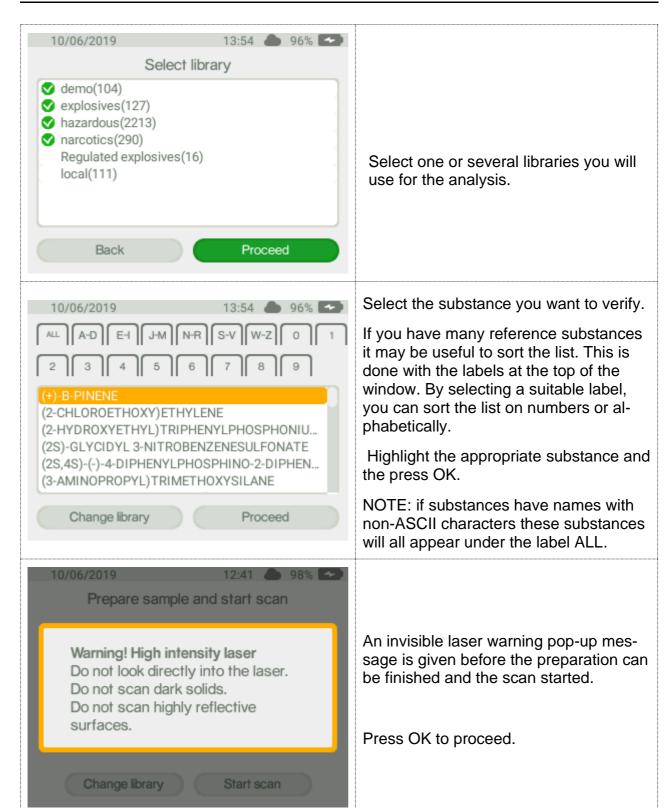
- Choose the specific measurement you want to review. The measurements are named [sequential number] year-month-day-hour-minute-seconds
- Scroll using in the Select result window.
- Highlight the View button with and press OK.

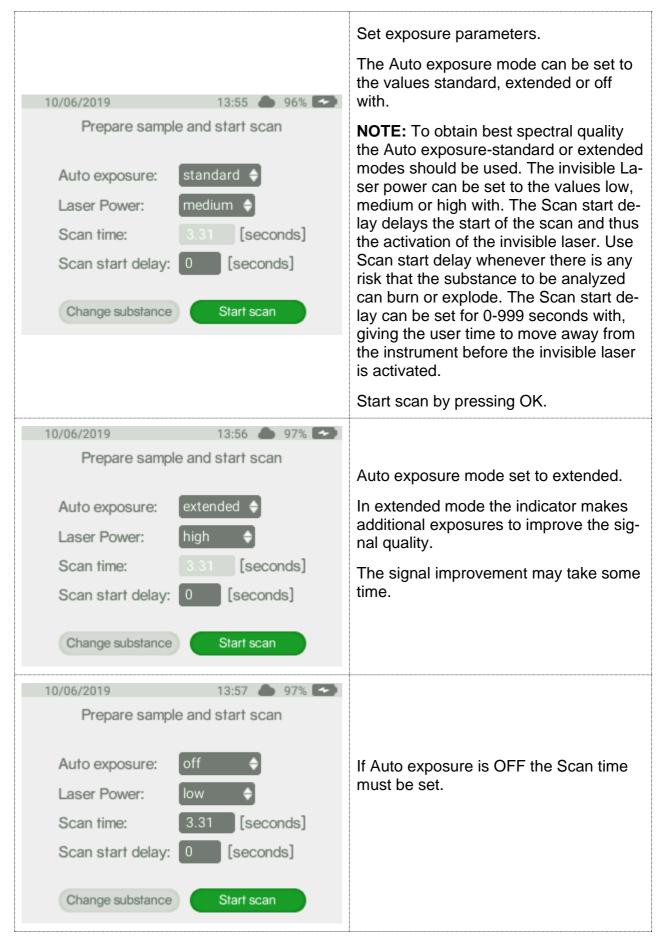
1.7 Verify

Verify method is similar to the Screen in the sense that you know what you are searching for, but in case with Verify you only search for a match to one specific substance rather than several. Verify is used when you want to confirm that the sample is of the correct identity.

Before the measurement you will choose a reference substance from the spectra libraries. The Indicator will analyze the sample and compare it with the chosen reference. The result is binary, either Pass (OK) if the sample is similar to the reference spectrum or Fail (not OK) if the sample is different.



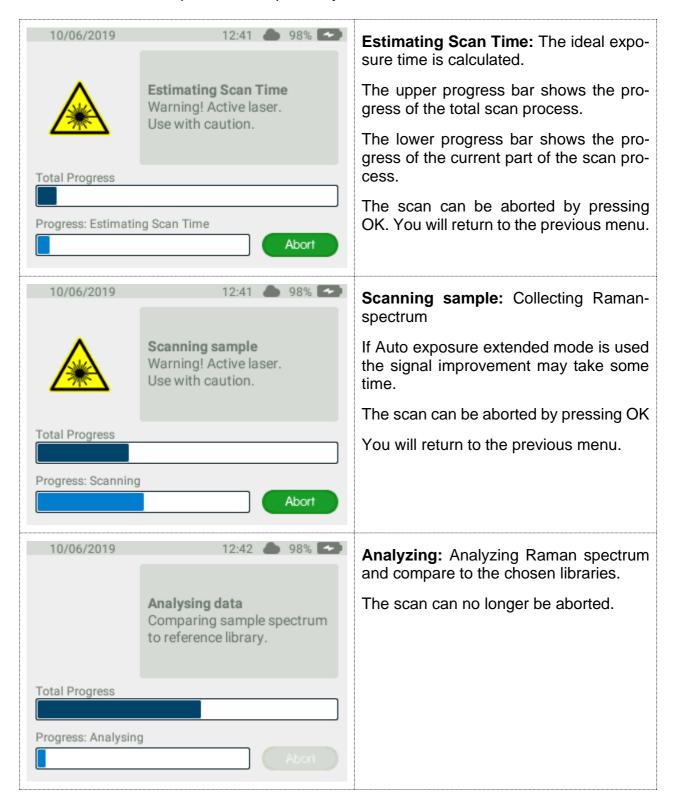


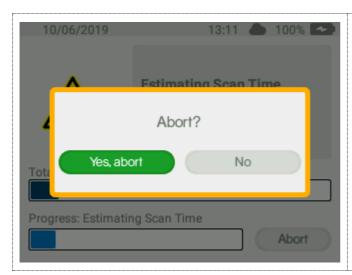


NOTE: In Auto-exposure standard and extended mode the Indicator will analyze the sample and try to calculate the ideal exposure time needed to get optimal signal-to-noise ratio in the measured spectrum, i.e. maximize the quality of the spectrum. The calculated exposure can be in the range of 0.02 – 32 seconds, depending on compound and sampling conditions. In extended mode additional exposures will be made to improve the signal

quality. When using these modes, the total process time will be from 3 seconds longer compared to manual mode since several trial exposures and signal improvement will be made in addition to the final measurement. The total accumulated invisible laser exposure on the sample will also increase compared to manual exposure mode. Until the actual analysis starts there is always the option to abort the measurement.

Follow the different steps in the sample analysis:



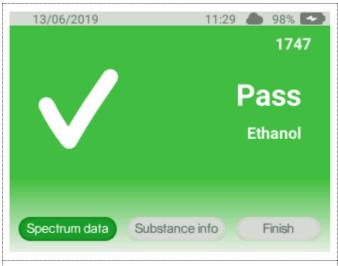


If the scan is aborted a pop-up dialogue window is displayed where the user has to confirm the abortion. Aborting scan: a pop-up dialogue window is displayed.

Confirm the abortion by pressing OK. You will return to the previous menu.

1.7.1 Verify analysis result

There are two possible outcomes from the Verify scan, either Pass (OK) if the sample is like the reference spectrum or Fail (not OK) if the sample is different.



Pass screen is displayed if the analyzed substance spectrum has sufficient correlation with the reference spectrum, i.e. equal to or over the Verify Threshold limit.

The sequential number in the upper right corner, here 1747, is the number of measurements done with the instrument.



Fail screen is displayed if the analyzed substance spectrum has a correlation with the reference spectrum which is below the Verify Threshold limit.

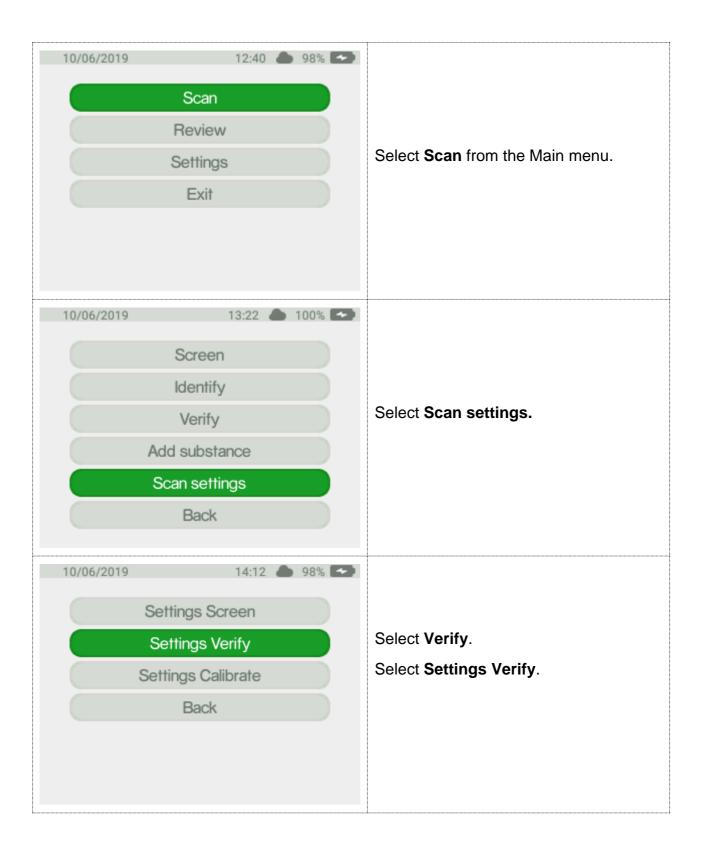
The sequential number in the upper right corner, here 1752, is the number of measurements done with the instrument.

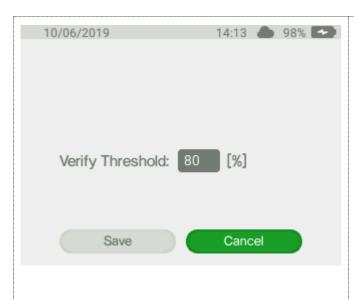
1.7.2 Verify review

The Review function allows you to examine the history of your measurements made with the instrument.



1.7.3 Verify settings





Set the Verify Threshold parameter.

The default value is 80% which means that there must be 80% or higher correlation between the sample spectrum and reference spectrum in order to indicate a Pass result.

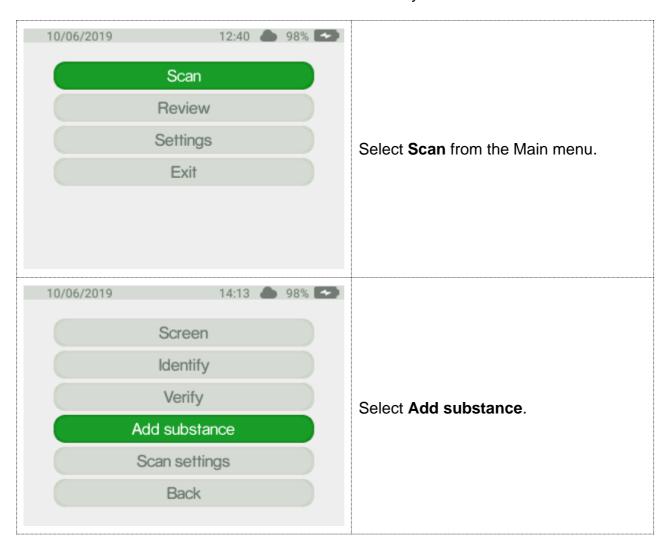
Expert users may modify this to suit a particular application, but we strongly recommend that it is left unchanged. Use to move between the options.

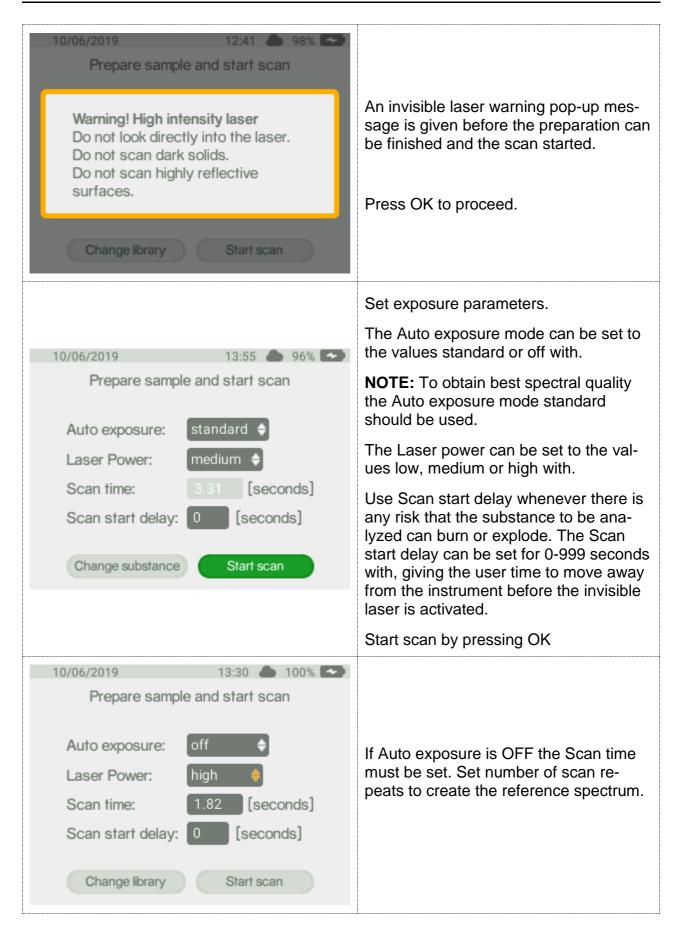
Use to change the values.

Press OK to Save.

1.8 Add substance

With the Indicator you can create your own library and use your own substances as a reference. All new substances will be stored in the library called "local".

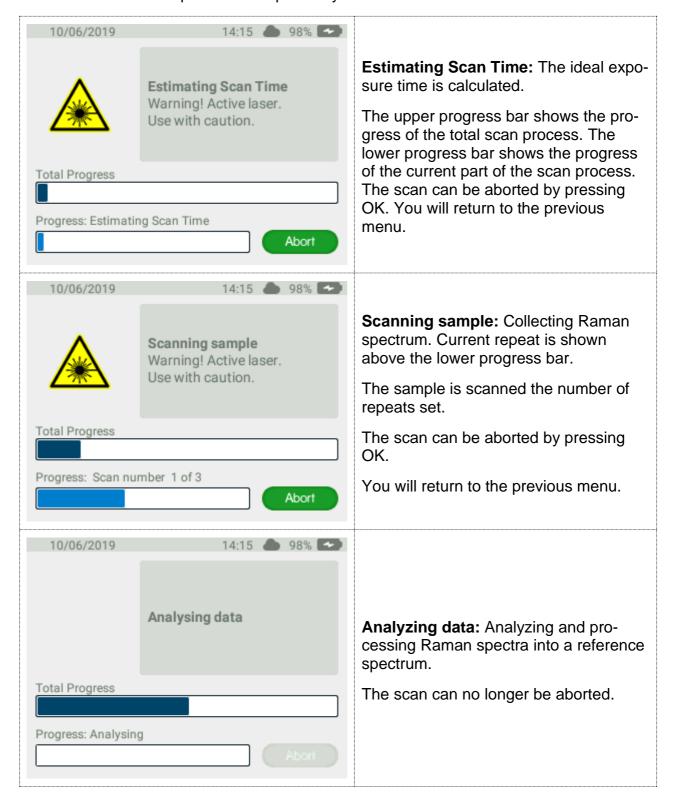


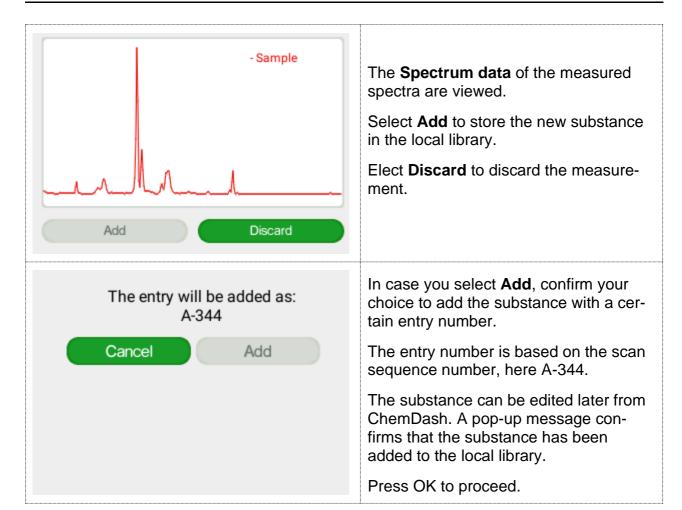


NOTE: In Auto-exposure standard mode the Indicator will analyze the sample and try to calculate the ideal exposure time needed to get optimal signal-to-noise ratio in the measured spectrum, i.e. maximize the quality of the spectrum. The calculated exposure can be in the range of 0.02 - 32 seconds, depending on compound and sampling conditions. When using this mode, the total process time will be from 3 seconds longer compared to manual mode since several trial exposures and signal improvement will be made in

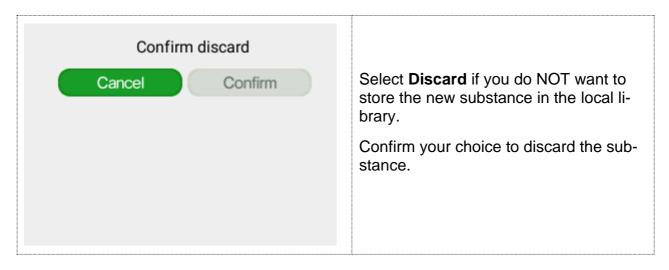
addition to the final measurement. The total accumulated invisible laser exposure on the sample will also increase compared to manual exposure mode. Until the actual analysis starts there is always the option to abort the measurement.

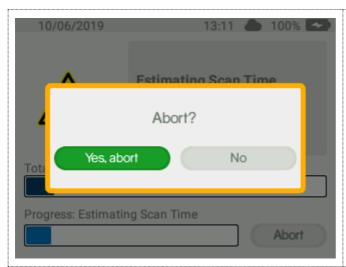
Follow the different steps in the sample analysis:





If you do **not** want to **add** the sample **to the local library**:



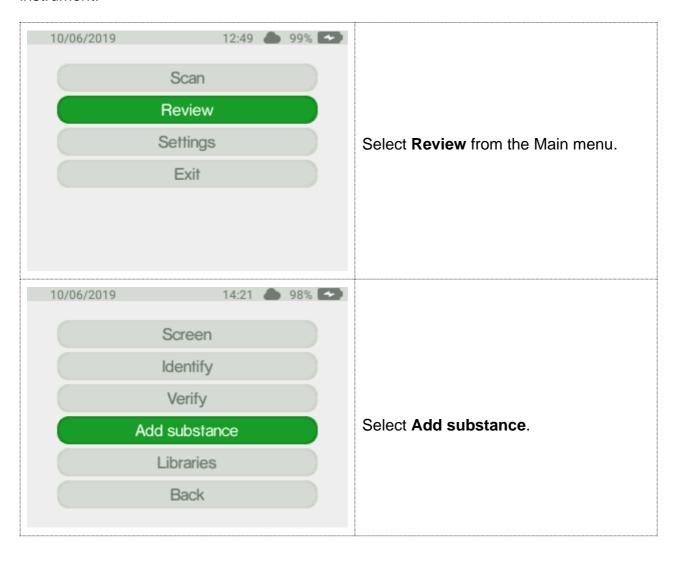


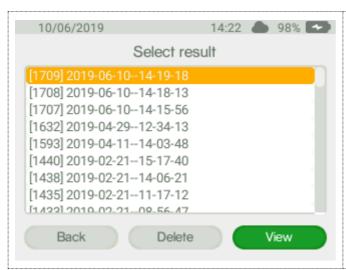
If the scan is aborted a pop-up dialogue window is displayed where the user must confirm the abortion. Aborting scan: a pop-up dialogue window is displayed.

Confirm the abortion by pressing OK. You will return to the previous menu.

1.8.1 Add substance review

The Review function allows you to examine the history of measurements made with the instrument.





Choose the specific measurement you want to review.

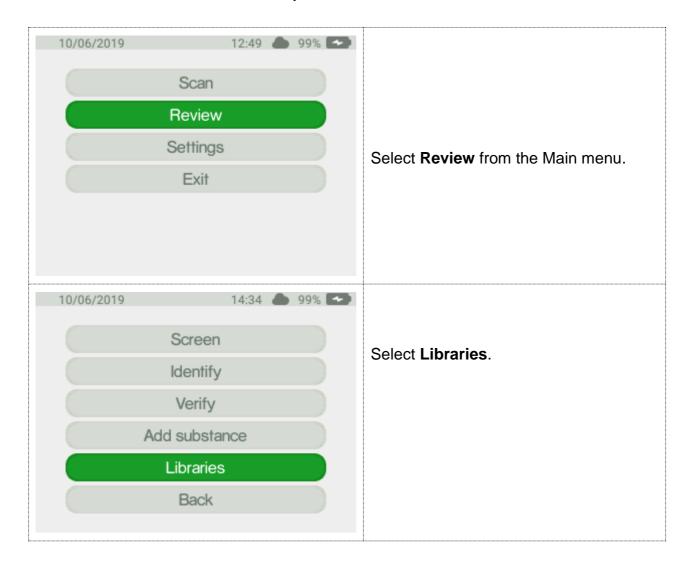
The measurements are named [sequential number] year-month-day- hour-minute-seconds.

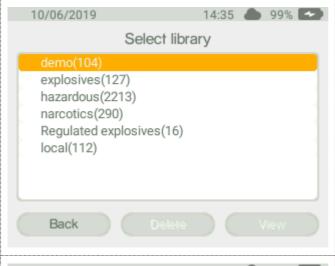
Scroll using in the Select result window.

Highlight the View button with and press OK to view the spectrum.

2. Libraries

The Review Libraries function allows you to examine the libraries on the instrument.





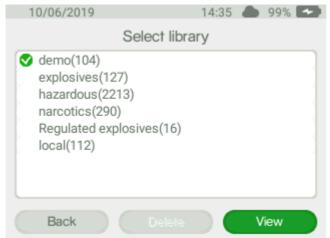
Choose the specific library you want to review.

The number within brackets after the name is the amount of substances in the library.

Scroll using in the Select library window.

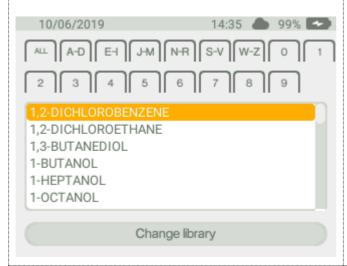
Use to highlight the Back button.

Select library by pressing OK.



The View button is automatically highlighted when a library has been selected.

Press OK to view the library.

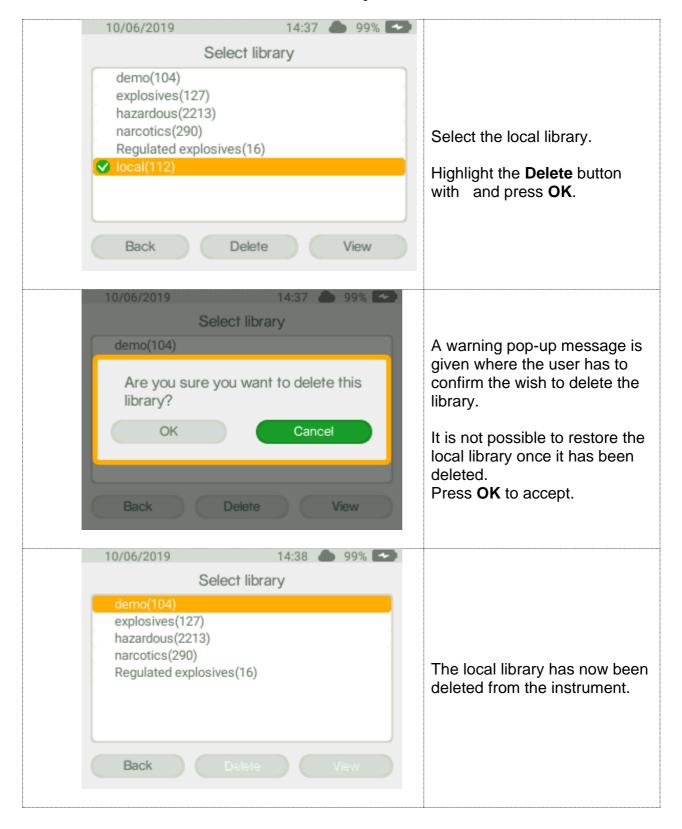


All the substances in the library are listed.

If you have many reference substances it may be useful to sort the list. This is done with the labels at the top of the window. By selecting a suitable label, you can sort the list on numbers or alphabetically. Highlight the appropriate pressing OK.

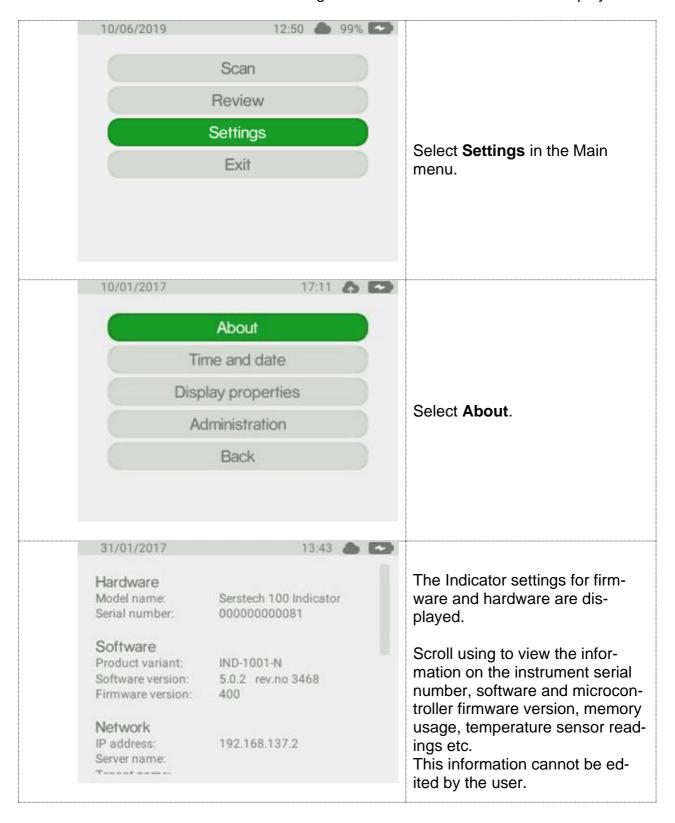
NOTE: if substances have names with non-ASCII characters these substances will all appear under the label ALL.

In the Review Libraries, screen the local library can be deleted.



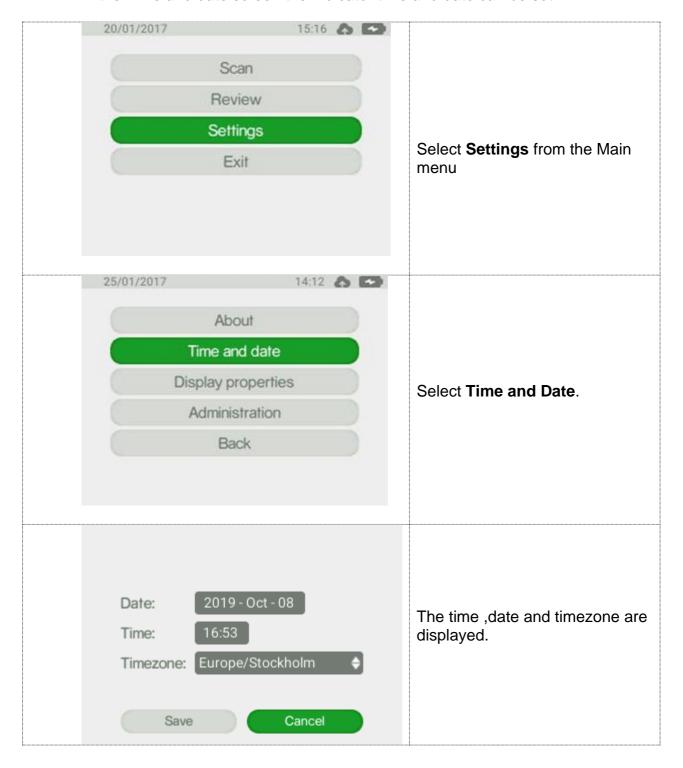
3. About

In the About screen the Indicator settings for firmware and hardware are displayed.

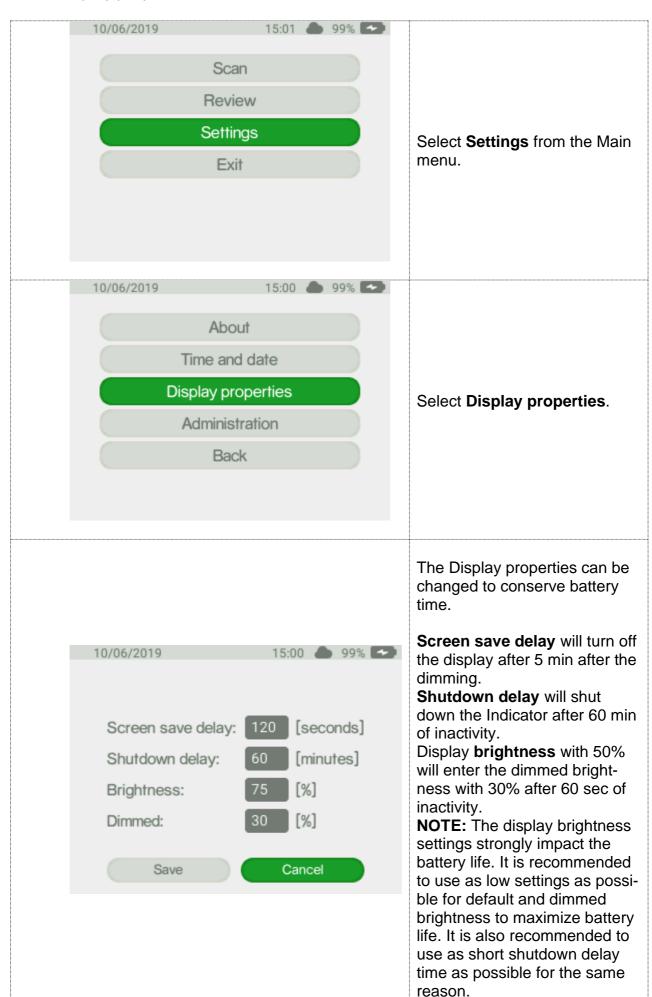


4. Time and Date

In the Time and date screen the Indicator time and date can be set.

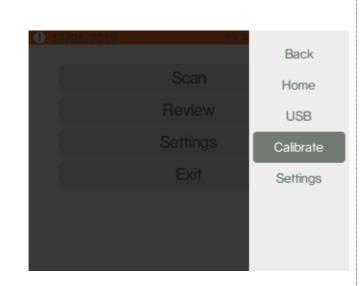


5. Display properties



6. Calibration control

To ensure the performance of the instrument it should be checked its calibration regularly, e.g. daily check. To pass the calibration stage, the measured spectrum must correspond to 90% the reference spectrum of calibration substance Polystyrene of the Calibration cap. The default setting for Calibration validity time is 8 hours. When the time is expired a pop-up, message appears on the display. You can cancel the pop-up message by setting the calibration validity time to 0 in the Calibration setting.



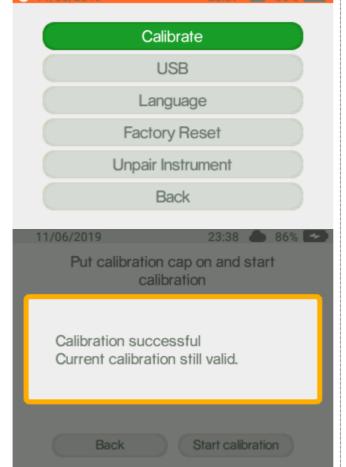
Use the short-cut to Calibrate from Keypad by pressing the **Quick Menu** button.

You can also access Calibration through Main menu - Setting Administration.

Select Calibrate.

An invisible laser warning pop-up message is given before the preparation can be finished and the scan started.

Press OK to proceed.

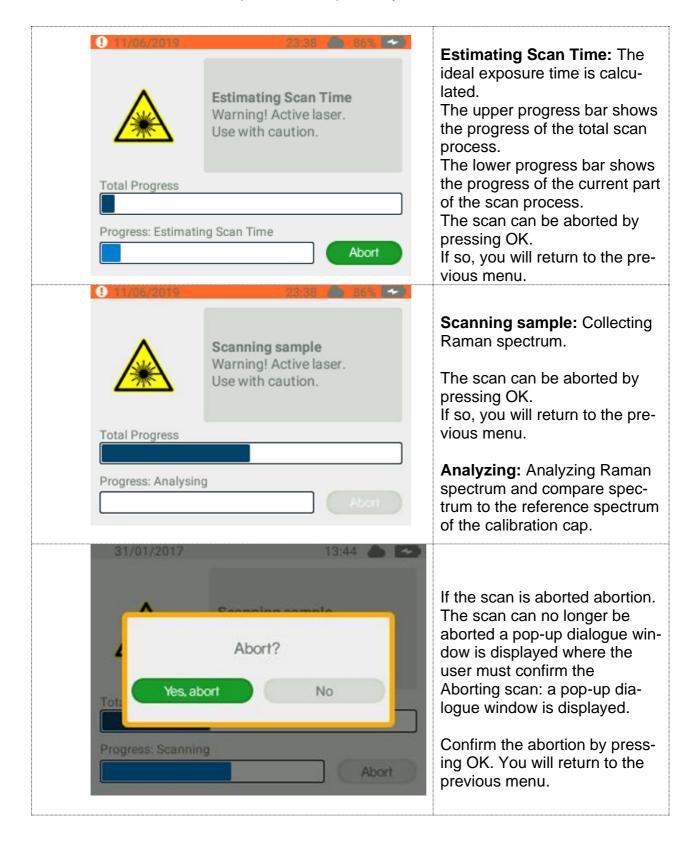


Prepare the calibration.

Put the calibration cap on Start the calibration by pressing OK

Calibration successful. Current calibration still valid.

Follow the different steps in the sample analysis:



6.1 Calibration result

The result of the calibration control is shown in a pop-up message and can be as following:

 Calibration successful. Current calibration still valid No changes are inferred.

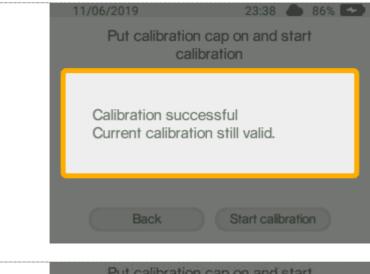
Calibration successful. Recalibration performed

The obtained values for the polystyrene spectrum are within the acceptance criteria. However, a better fit was obtained these new values was used to recalibrate instrument.

Processing failed. No match to the polystyrene was obtained

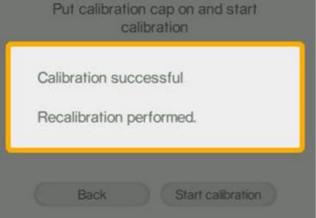
Make sure that the Calibration cap is in position and repeat the calibration procedure.





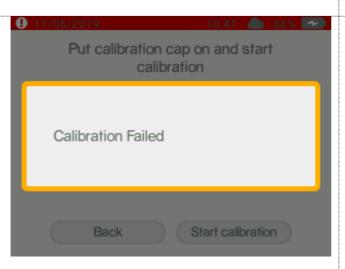
Calibration successful. Current calibration still valid.

No changes are inferred.



Calibration successful. Recalibration performed.

The obtained values for the polystyrene spectrum are within the acceptance criteria. However, a better fit was obtained these new values was used to recalibrate instrument

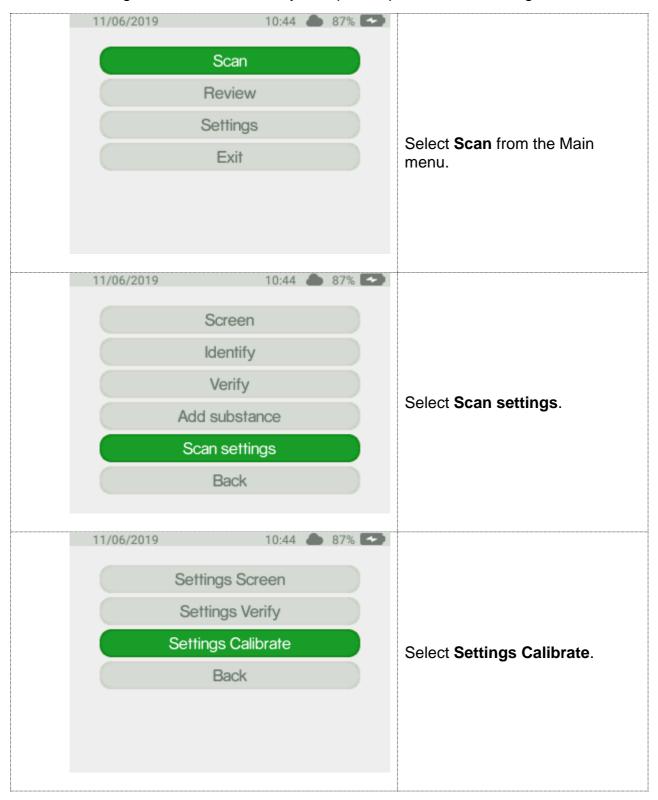


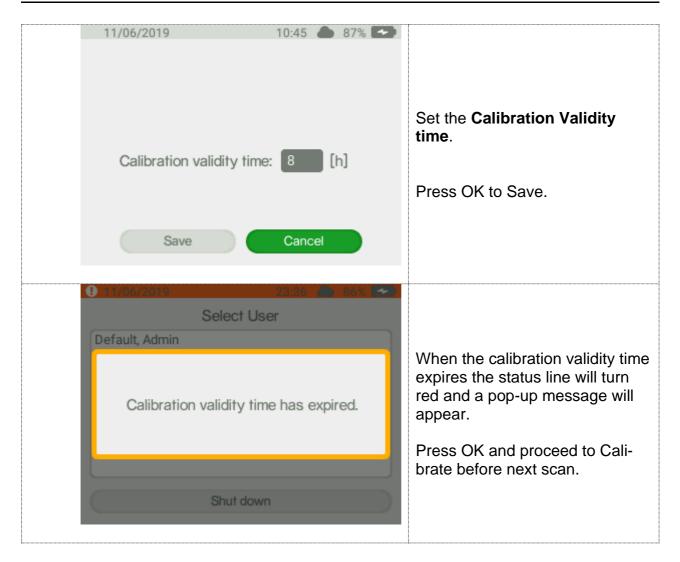
Calibration failed.

Make sure that the Calibration cap is in position and repeat the calibration procedure.
Recurrent failure indicates instrument error.

9.2 Calibration settings

In order to change the calibration validity time please proceed as following:

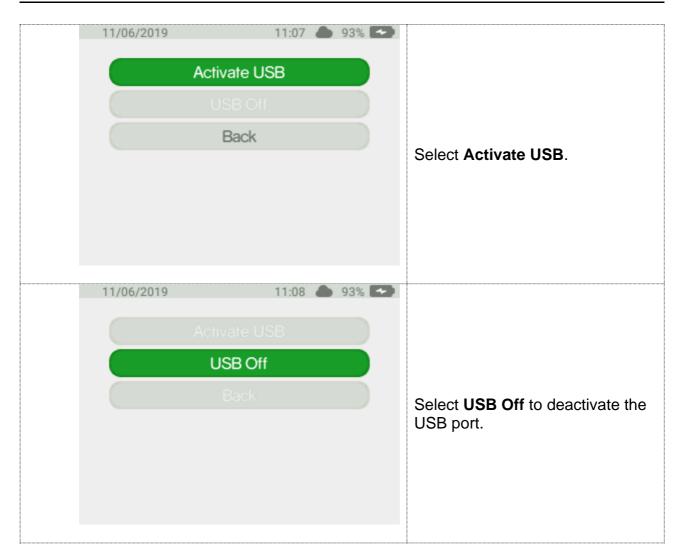




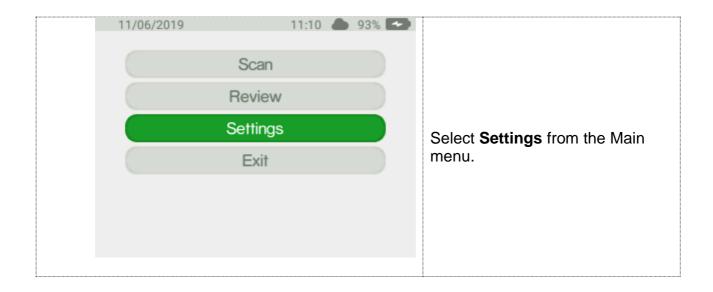
7. USB

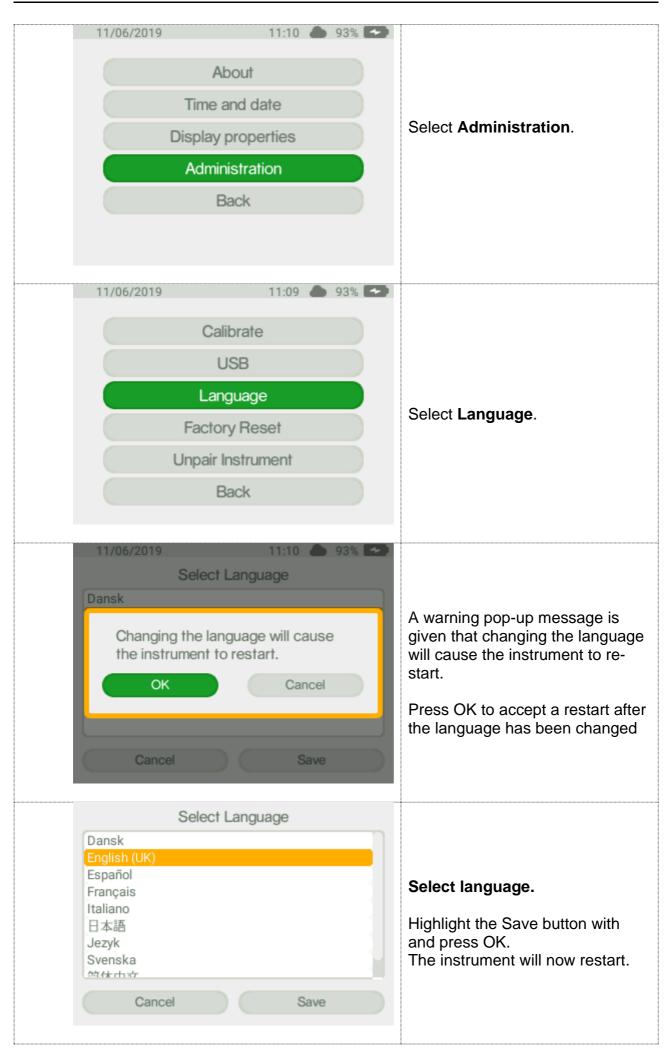
To activate the USB port use either of the short-cut to **USB** from Keypad **Quick Menu** button or the **Main menu** \rightarrow **Setting** \rightarrow **Administration** \rightarrow **USB**

button or the Main menu → Setting→ Administration→ USB. 11/06/2019 11:07 🌰 93% 🕶 Scan Review Settings Select **Settings** from the Main menu. Exit 11/06/2019 11:07 🌰 93% 🖼 About Time and date Select Administration. Display properties Administration Back 11/06/2019 11:07 🌰 93% 🗫 Calibrate USB Language Select **USB**. Factory Reset Unpair Instrument Back



8. Language





9. Factory Reset

Through the factory reset the instrument can be set to its original configuration. **Warning!** All data and user configurations will be deleted as factory reset is activated.

Factory reset affects the following parameters:

1. Users and user privileges

The default users will be restored, with original privileges

All other user information is deleted

2. Language

Language is set to English

3. Local library

All information in the local library is deleted

4. ChemDash libraries

All downloaded libraries will be deleted from the Indicator, but they are still available in .

5. Factory library

Factory library is not affected by factory reset.

6. Log file

Log is reset.

7. Measurements

All measurement data are deleted from the Indicator. Any measurements previously stored in ChemDash will be retained there.

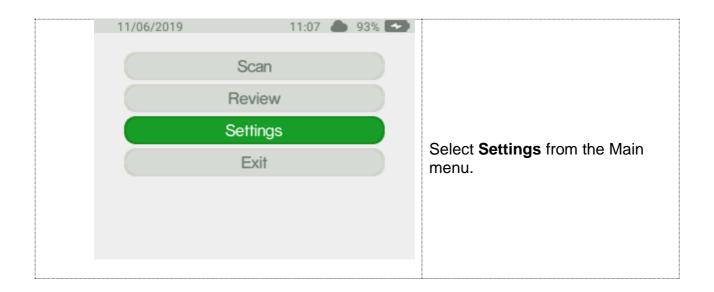
8. Calibration

All results from calibration tests performed with the instrument are deleted

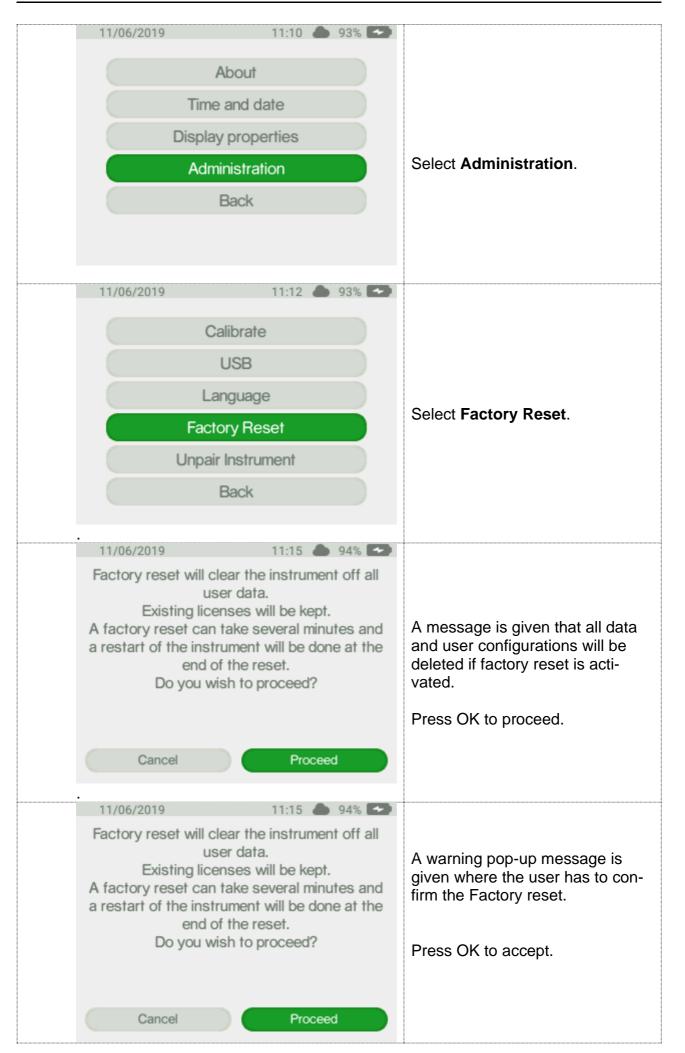
9. Settings

Scan settings reset to default values

Display properties

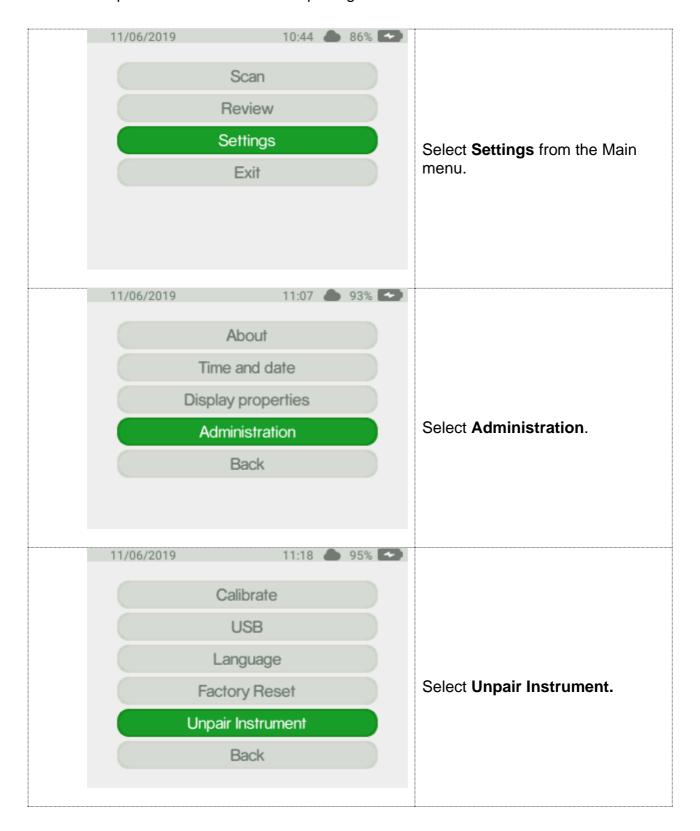


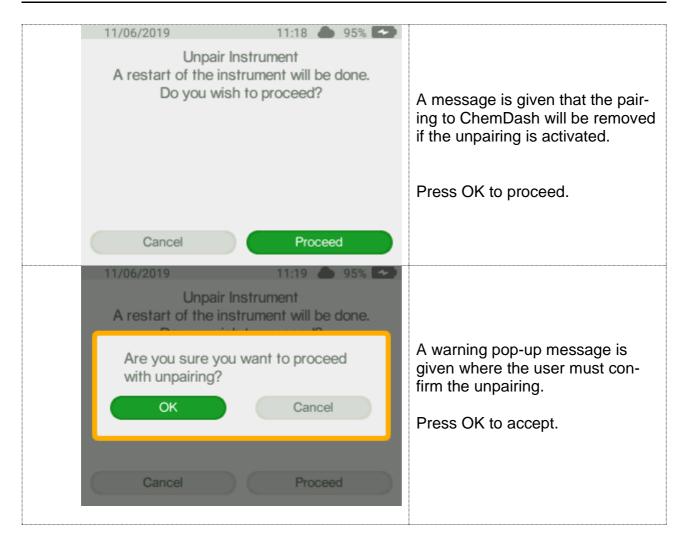




10. Unpair Instrument

In the Unpair Instrument screen the pairing to ChemDash will be removed.





11.ChemDash

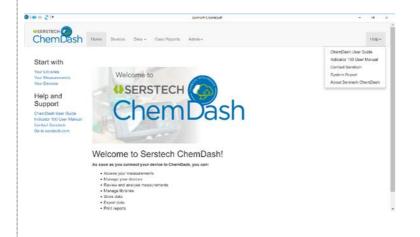
ChemDash is a software developed by SERSTECH. The ChemDash system will integrate with the Serstech 100 Indicator spectrometers towards a powerful solution for Chemical Intelligence. ChemDash is the perfect tool for managing intelligence, evidence and substance libraries. The User can gather and share information about substances and update one or many instruments either on PC or in the cloud.

The ChemDash system consist of the application of ChemDash ONE which is the standalone version of ChemDash. ChemDash ONE is the right software choice when the User is offline or have restrictions for sharing data through a cloud system.

14.1 ChemDash ONE



Use the USB cable for connection with ChemDash ONE.



Start Serstech ChemDash ONE on your computer.

Wait until the arrow appears on the cloud symbol of Indicator. It may take a while.

The connected device can now be found by its serial number on the Device Management menu with the green Connected status.

Please proceed to ChemDash help pages for more information.



This manual is issued by:

Serstech AB

Contact Information:
Ideon Science Park,
Sölvegatan 43
SE-223 70 Lund,
SWEDEN
info@serstech.com



